

New Spring Models Young Men's Suits

All young men are invited to come here Saturday and inspect the new Sampeck suit models.

We want every young man to know how *really good* these suits are. See the attractive colorings of the new woollens soft toned grays in Scotch effects, a sprinkling of new wood browns, and the always desirable blue serges, in either plain or with hair line stripes.

Critically examine the expert tailoring and fine draping of these excellent garments and we believe you will want to spend your clothes money here. Prices are \$15.00 to \$30.00 with extra values at \$20.00 and \$25.00.

Sampeck suits for boys, too. Every suit has two pairs of knickerbockers with same attention to clever styling as in young men's suits. Prices \$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10.00.



"Sampeck" Clothes

BENSON AND THORNE CO.

1518-1520 Farnam Street

Iowa Mothers' Congress Balks Over New Views

Mrs. Watts, State President, Says Association Does Not Adhere to Mrs. Carroll's Beliefs.

DES MOINES, March 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The Iowa Congress of Mothers will not endorse Mrs. B. F. Carroll's plan for teaching purity in the public schools. Mrs. Watts of Audubon, state president, who is attending a meeting of the board of directors, said this morning that while Mrs. Carroll's plan may have its merit, the Iowa Congress of Mothers will not consider it for some time to come.

Since the publication of the advanced ideas of the governor's wife, there has been much speculation what action the mothers' clubs of the state would take on this question.

"I think there is need in the grammar grades for some instructions along these lines," said Mrs. Watts this morning, "but I think the place for such things is to be taught in the home. Of course, I may come to a definite way of thinking, but it will be some time yet before I do."

The Iowa Railroad commission has requested of the commissioners that they make a reduction of 50 per cent in the ordinary rate charged for seed corn, seed grain and seed potatoes in proper season. The commission was asked to make an order for reduction, but had no authority to do so.

Governor Takes Stand Against Bryan Program

Shallenberger Issues Statement in Which He Opposes Putting County Option in Platform.

LINCOLN, March 11.—Governor Shallenberger is opposed to county option and will favor the 8 o'clock closing law. His policy for the regulation of the liquor problem will be combated by William J. Bryan, who favors county option.

Mr. Shallenberger said: "I am a democrat and will be guided by what my party does with the question of county option. I think at this time, however, that the party will not declare for prohibition, and this is what county option seems to mean, and that it will stand for the enforcement of such amendments to the Shocum law as have been made."

"This is one to be decided by the legislature and I think that it is the privilege of the legislative candidate to declare himself for or against county option if he wishes. He must be guided by the conditions of his campaign. State officers, who are executive officers and who do not make the laws, are not as greatly interested in a declaration as the men who, if laws are passed, are entrusted directly with their passage or defeat."

Homestake Mine Now Full-Handed

LEAD, S. D., March 11.—(Special.)—Since the Homestake Mining company announced that it is now full handed and does not require more men, the problems of future work for the Siavonian mine workers in this city has been brought to a head. During the period of the shutdown and while the mine was gradually working up to its full capacity, after the resumption, the Siavonians positively declined to believe that the company could do without their

services. Some few realized that there would be no more work and several hundred left town, but there are today probably 800 of them left. Their only means of support beyond their own resources is the weekly benefit of from \$4.50 to \$12 per man, according to the number of his family, which the Western Federation has been paying. Quite a number of the Siavonians in town own their own homes on Homestake ground, and unless they can make some disposition of their property, they are likely to be out of the amount of their investments.

Some of the leaders are now casting about to find the most available place for the locked out men. Siavonians who have friends in California have received letters from their western friends that there is plenty of room for the Lead Siavonians out there, and it is altogether possible that a large number will be induced to go there and enter the fruit raising business, in which their countrymen have already made a name for themselves.

The change in nationalities brought about by the importation of new men by the Homestake is expected to greatly affect Lead. Heretofore the Slavs have been in the habit of sending many thousands of dollars away weekly to the old country and spending very little in Lead. The new men are nearly all English speaking and are spending their money in town. Nearly 100 of these new men have been just sent for their families and have rented houses, whereas the Siavonians have always lived on a much more moderate scale, several families living together, the rents being low and many instances and with single men batching for a number of years. As the Homestake deducted from the first two paydays the amount of the tickets for the imported men, Lead has not yet felt the full effect of the change, but another payday is expected to make much difference.

Nebraska Nasbys Are Confirmed

Senate Formally Approves Appointment of Several Postmasters.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, March 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The senate today confirmed nominations on the following postmasters in Nebraska:
Charles A. Merritt, Wakefield; Theodore C. Hacker, Red Cloud; Percy A. Brundage, Tecumseh; Sanford Cole, Wynora.
The senate committee on Indian affairs today decided to report Senator Brown's bill favorably which provides that all lands held by the Omaha which may be eligible to patent in Nebraska shall on April 1 be placed on the taxable list. A great majority of the broad acres owned by the Omaha, which have been exempt from taxation for years, lies in Thurston county.

Rural carriers appointed are as follows: Nebraska—Arlington, route 1, Henry E. Engelhardt carrier, no substitute; Dannebrog, route 1, Horace C. Dodd carrier, Grace Dodd substitute; Foster, route 1, Fred A. Carver carrier, no substitute.
Iowa—Adair, route 3, Clarence James carrier, Lee James substitute; Corydon, route 5, A. B. Clark carrier, Roy Patterson substitute; Oxford, route 4, George A. Saxton carrier, no substitute; Woodstock, Asa E. Peace carrier, no substitute.
South Dakota—Irreola, route 1, Ole Larson carrier, David Jackson substitute; Langford, route 2, Oscar Nelson carrier, no substitute.
Wyoming—Shirland, route 2, Gaylord P. McCombs carrier, Malone F. Filmore substitute.
Edward Johnson was appointed postmaster at Mascot, Harlan county, Neb., vice J. M. Grace, resigned.

The Weather

FOR NEBRASKA—Fair; not much change in temperature.
FOR IOWA—Fair.
Temperature at Omaha, yesterday:

Hour	Temp.
8 A. M.	38
9 A. M.	38
10 A. M.	38
11 A. M.	38
12 M.	38
1 P. M.	38
2 P. M.	38
3 P. M.	38
4 P. M.	38
5 P. M.	38
6 P. M.	38
7 P. M.	38
8 P. M.	38
9 P. M.	38
10 P. M.	38
11 P. M.	38
12 M.	38

COBB VICTORY BLOW AT ROOT

Man Opposed by Senator, Governor and Taft Succeeds Alids.

TELEGRAM HELD TO BE MISTAKE

Interference of Root and Hughes Declared to Have United Local Legislative Leaders—Partial Triumph for Woodruff.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 11.—George H. Cobb of Watertown will succeed Jotham P. Alids as president pro tem of the senate. The telegram which United States Senator Elihu Root sent from Washington urging the election of Senator Harvey D. Hinman of Birmingham, the apparent nominee of Governor Hughes at the eleventh hour and the influence of the federal administration at Washington proved unavailing against the organization forces headed by Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff of the republican state committee.

Cobb was named as the choice of the majority at a conference of the senators which began shortly after 8 o'clock last night and did not end until an early hour today. On the forty-ninth ballot two of the supporters of Senator George A. Davis of Buffalo deserted for Cobb, who throughout the balloting had fourteen votes. Seventeen were necessary for a choice. With victory in his grasp, Cobb stepped into the gap with a ballot for himself and won the coveted goal. Hinman was the choice of thirteen, while Davis, who at the beginning mustered nine votes, had only three to his credit at the finish.

Although ostensibly Cobb's victory, it is a triumph for State Chairman Woodruff, and the state organization, the beaten side, declares that Woodruff's influence was less responsible for what happened than the will of the individual senators.

Root's Telegram a Mistake.
Viewing the background some of them confessed today that Senator Root had made a mistake in conveying his orders to elect Hinman in so open a manner. The publicity given Root's telegram of Tuesday night was intentional; its object was to show the people of the state that affairs at Albany were most unsatisfactory to the party leaders and to Governor Hughes, and that there must be a new deal. The state senators, however, bitterly resented dictation that might discredit their own importance and authority with their constituents.

Ever since Governor Hughes took office an effort has been made to break up the coalition of the old local bosses. How well this effort succeeded was one of the things shown by Cobb's election. Having destroyed the power of some of the county and district leaders the administration at Washington found itself without means to reach the state senators. The local leaders who have retained their power rallied around Woodruff and Cobb was chosen, not so much because the organization considered him an ideal candidate as because he was the weapon with which to defeat Root and the governor. How much Cobb's victory has gained for the old regime is difficult to settle.

Whether it has strengthened the grip of Chairman Woodruff to the extent of assuring his re-election is a proposition few of the senators today felt ready to affirm. Cobb before his election endeavored to declare his freedom from Woodruff and his absolute lack of obligation to Senator Alids. In his statement yesterday he affirmed his accord with Senator Root and the governor, although he deprecated the former's interference in the leadership fight. His friends say that he will lose no time in declaring his loyalty to the governor, for even in their hour of victory the republicans must admit that Hughes is the party's greatest asset in this state.

Alarm at Washington.
WASHINGTON, March 11.—Vice President Sherman and Representative McKinley, chairman of the republican congressional committee, are evidently disturbed by the developments in the republican camp. In his statement yesterday he called to see President Taft today and while waiting in the ante-room Mr. Sherman, whose expressions seemed to have been endorsed by Representative McKinley, in commenting on the caucus said: "I was not pleased with the selection (referring to Cobb as president pro tem to succeed Alids)."

"The other selection (meaning Hinman) would have meant plain sailing for the campaign with no clouds or squalls in the way. I would not say that the course of events complicates matters, but it certainly disturbs them."

Only One "BRUMO QUINE"

That is Laxative Brumo Quine. Look for it in the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day.

OIL CASE COMES UP MONDAY

(Continued from First Page.)

That twelve of these companies owned 5,466 miles of pipe lines.
That six of these companies had 2,574 selling stations throughout the United States.

That these companies from 1899 to 1907 produced more than one-tenth of the crude oil obtained in this country.

That they owned and operated more than one-half of all the tank cars used to distribute its products.

That they manufactured more than three-fourths of all the crude oil refined in the United States.

That they transported more than four-fifths of the petroleum derived from the Pennsylvania and Indiana oil fields.

That they marketed more than four-fifths of all the illuminating oil sold in the United States.

That they exported more than four-fifths of all the illuminating oil sent forth from the United States.

That they sold more than four-fifths of all naphtha sold in the United States.

That they sold more than nine-tenths of all the lubricating oil sold to railroad companies in the United States.

Combine Declared Illegal Trust.
On this finding the court decreed: "That the organization of 1899 was a combination or conspiracy in restraint of interstate commerce in petroleum and its products, such as the first section of the Sherman anti-trust act declares is illegal; that the seven individual defendants, the Standard Oil company of New Jersey and thirty-nine other companies, had entered into a combination or conspiracy to monopolize and, in fact, monopolized a substantial part of interstate commerce in violation of the second section of the Sherman anti-trust act; that thirty-three other companies accused were proven not to be in this combination."

the combination from engaging in interstate commerce until the combination was discontinued.

Talent Defending Corporations.

The counsel in defense of the Standard Oil includes John G. Milburn of Buffalo, N. Y., in whose home McKinley died; D. T. Watson and John G. Johnson, leaders of the Pennsylvania bar, and Morris Rosenthal, the legal pillar of the Standard Oil interests. Of these Johnson made the principal argument to the supreme court in the defense in the tobacco cases. The defense has urged that the corporations, which entered into the organization of 1899, had not been competitors since 1899; that the stockholders of the principal company were the joint owners of the stock of the subsidiary companies and had the right to convey their stock in the latter to the former in trust for themselves, and congress was without power to restrict their disposition of their title to their property or their use of it; that the corporations whose stocks were invested in the Standard Oil company of New Jersey are private corporations and not charged with a public duty as were the railroads in the Northern Securities case; that if any restraint of trade resulted from the organization in 1899 it was neither direct, immediate nor substantial.

Attorney General Wickham probably will make the principal argument to the court in favor of the dissolution. Frank B. Kellogg of Minnesota and Charles B. Morrison of Chicago have been most active in the preparation of the case against the defendants. Their arguments were upheld in the main by the lower court.

The business world is awaiting the outcome of the suit to know what effect it will have upon the future not only of the Standard Oil, but of other combinations with points in common. The Department of Justice is waiting for the decision of the court in order to shape the government attitude toward other organizations of which complaint has been made.

ORDERS ISSUED BY BALLINGER

(Continued from First Page.)

intention to restore the withdrawn lands, say anything of a purpose of re-withdrawal.

"No," he said the withdrawals were entirely illegal and could not be sustained. Mr. Davis said that on March 18 he and Mr. Newell had a further interview with Secretary Ballinger.

Mr. Ballinger again said the withdrawals were illegal. Mr. Newell defended the withdrawals and said many of them had been made under the supervisory power of the secretary, to which Mr. Ballinger added, "Which he doesn't have." He declared the withdrawals were all in violation of the law and must be restored. He directed us to proceed with the preparation of lists for restoration. I can't say that he told us to recommend these restorations for him.

"Director Newell protested vigorously at this time and at other times. Nothing was said at this second interview as to any intention on Mr. Ballinger's part to re-withdraw the lands he proposed to restore. Mr. Ballinger left the impression that he would give the instruction as to the restorations in writing, but he did not do so."

"Every time we talked on the subject, however, he always gave the impression that as to the legality of the withdrawals he would take the matter up with the attorney general. If he did so, however, I don't know of it."

Believed Order Mandatory.
"But in preparing these lists for restoration, you understood that we were carrying out a mandatory order?"
"I did."

Representative James:
"Then if it had been left to you, you never would have restored these lands?"
Mr. Davis:
"I would not have withdrawn them from the first place."

The witness explained this answer, however, by saying that he did not want the restoration service to "mislead" the withdrawals. He wanted it to be an administrative measure. He declared the restoration service has "multitudinous enemies" in the west and was a constant target of attack and he did not want to do anything to make it any more unpopular.

Mr. Davis took special care to say that he thought Mr. Garfield's withdrawals were wise and Mr. Ballinger's restorations were unwise. It was not, however, for the restoration service to dictate the policy of the administration and he did not want the service to be used as a "buffer" between the people and the interior department.

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Elite Block Co.
1517 FARNAM ST.

Continued Sale

Of Women's and Misses' beautiful Sample Spring Suits, worth \$25, \$30, \$35 and \$40, on sale, Saturday, at..... **\$12.50**

Here is an opportunity seldom presented at this time of the year—just two weeks before Easter. These are positively the greatest values we have ever offered.

Beautiful new suits of fine French serges, imported worsteds, basket weave cloths and wide wale diagonals. Every one of the Jackets are silk lined, and every suit tailored in the very acme of style and perfection. All the skirts are pleated and many with tunic and overskirt effects. Colors are black, navy, tan, gray, rose, lavender, brown and a few white serges.

Just Think of It!

Over 300 new spring suits for women & misses, worth \$25, \$30, \$35 and \$40, on sale Saturday at.... **\$12.50**.

Spring Fashion Pageant

Easter Costumes **\$14.95** Easter Costumes
Actual \$25 Values

All that is new and lovely will be found in this display of Suits, every model with a fashion secret of its own to tell you. Something youthful and becoming to every type of woman-kind. Something new and appropriate for every age and occasion. Just the suit for you.

We have bought the entire line of Sample Dresses of Greenwald, Friedman & Co., of New York, at 60 cents on the dollar, and they will go on sale tomorrow at 8 o'clock—These dresses are made of Rajahs, Silks, Pongees, Light Weight Serges and Panamas, including the famous sunburst dress, the season's creation. These are all placed in two lots..... **\$9.90-\$12.50**

SKIRTS--For Saturday Special

We are going to sell Panamas, Voiles, White Serges and Fancy Worsteds; regular \$5.00 values—One day only, at..... **\$1.98**

We are also showing a full line of White Serge Coats, Coverts, Pongees, new Spring Capes, from..... **\$3.98 to \$15**

Open Even- **The Skirt Store** 16th and
ings Til 9. Chicago Sts.

BEATON'S Specials for Saturday

Your nearest drug store is your telephone. Why not use it? Beaton's, 1518 and 1520 Farnam St., Des Moines, Iowa.

- One pint Denatured Alcohol and bottle, the equal of grain alcohol for burning..... **15c**
- 1 pint Carbolic Acid and bottle..... **20c**
- 1 pint Witch Hazel and bottle..... **20c**
- 1 pint Witch Hazel and bottle..... **20c**
- 1 pint Epsom Salts..... **10c**
- 1 pint Glycerine and bottle..... **20c**
- 1 ounce Rochelle Salt..... **10c**
- 1 ounce Santal Powder..... **10c**
- One gallon Mineral Water..... **15c**
- 10 Water Oil Atomizer, black rubber bulb and tube, with three tips, every one guaranteed, sale price..... **34c**
- 10 Monarch Fountain Syringes, special sale price..... **45c**
- 10 Safety Vaginal Syringes, special sale price..... **90c**
- 10 2-Quart Slate Hot Water Bottle, sale price..... **70c**
- Registered Lady Clerk in Charge of Barber Goods Department.
- 10 4-Quart Hot Water Bottle, sale price..... **80c**
- 10 2-Quart Fountain Syringes, sale price..... **85c**
- 10 Cooper's Discovery..... **89c**
- 10 D. D. D..... **89c**
- 6-oz. Mallinckrodt Peroxide..... **9c**

Beaton Drug Co.

FARNAM AND FIFTEENTH.
P. O. Genuine Allegretti's Chocolate Saturday and Sunday, 10c.

Boys' and Little Men's Shoes

Are here in a variety of styles to suit the most discriminating. If you have not tried our boys' shoes you should.

They are made by specialists—designed to fit the growing feet and will last longer than other shoes, and then we have an expert fitter to fit every pair.

Patent, dull and tan leathers, lace and button styles, at **\$3.50 \$3.00 \$2.50 and \$2.00**

Illustrated catalogue in press—write for it.

THE YOUNG PEOPLE'S OWN STORE
BENSON AND THORNE CO.
1518-1520 Farnam Street.



AMUSEMENTS.

BRANDEIS THEATRE

MATINEE TODAY 2:30 to 5:00
Last Time Tonight
GRACE VAN STUDDIFORD
IN THE GOLDEN SUPERFLY
—TOMORROW—
THE SERVANT IN THE HOUSE,
Scene Now.

BOYD'S Douglas 1919

Mat. Today 2:15 P. M. Tonight 8:15 P. M.
WOODWARD STOCK COMPANY
The Roaring Comedy Farce of
The College Widow

—Next Week—
"When Knighthood Was in Flower."

Orpheum

THE ORPHEUM ROAD SHOW
Mat. Every Day 2:15; Eve. Performance 8:15
THIS WEEK—Lids O'Day, La Titecom
"Night in a Monkey Music Hall," Melville and Higgins, Hyman Meyers, Harry Fox and the "Lips" Sisters, Three Brothers Macagno, The Orpheum Motion Pictures and the Orpheum Concert Orchestra. Prices 10c, 25c and 50c.

KRUG THEATRE PRICES

15c-45c-50c-75c.
TONIGHT AT 8:15
Matinee Saturday, All Seats 25c.
BEVERLY OF GRAUSTARK

All Next Week—JULES OF SPICE.

GAYETY-TODAY, 2:15

WM. GREW CO. and MARIE FETTER in
"IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE?"
Come and See Now It Is Decided.
Eve., 8:15 to 10:30. Mat., 2:15 to 5:00.
Tomorrow (2 days) The Roaring Show.